

which is admitted to be temporary, is made up as follows:

Chancellor and Foreign Minister, Dr. Wirth (Centrist).
Vice Chancellor and Minister of Treasury, Gustav Bauer (former Chancellor).
Minister of Economics, Herr Brüning (Centrist).
Minister of Justice, Herr Schiffer (Democrat).
Minister of Labor, Robert Schmidt (Socialist).
Minister of Transportation, Gen. Groener (Socialist-Democrat).
Minister Postal and Telegraph, Herr Gumbert (Centrist).
Food Controller, Andrew Hermann (Centrist).
Minister Interior, George Gradnauer (Majority Socialist).
Minister Defense, Herr Gansler (Democrat).
Minister Reconstruction, Herr Silberschmidt (Majority Socialist).

In his speech asking the Reichstag to yield Chancellor Wirth said:

"Our task in this grave hour is to obtain the decision of the Reichstag with regard to the ultimatum of the Allied Governments. In the protracted detailed negotiations you have formed an opinion on the contents and significance of the ultimatum."

"Acceptance means that we declare our readiness to bear in voluntary labor the heavy financial burdens demanded year by year. Refusal would, however, mean surrendering the basis of our entire industrial activities and, as a consequence, dismemberment of our economic body, already so greatly weakened, and the shackling of our entire industrial life."

"But the effects might be even more terrible for our political existence and our realm. For these reasons the Government accepts the ultimatum. We know that acceptance, by reason of the peace Germany will occupy in the economy of the world, will entail the gravest consequences. The responsibility for this falls on the Allies."

"But there is one point concerning which there must be no obscurity. It would be useless to say 'yes' without the resolution to do our utmost to meet the obligations imposed upon us. By acceptance we believe we will remove the imminent threats of occupation of the Ruhr. The fear often expressed that occupation will take place in any case, whether we sign or not, is not supported by any passage in the ultimatum."

"There is no need for me to show why, in taking the decision, we ought to turn our eyes to Upper Silesia. In that respect we have firm confidence in the results of the plebiscite."

"The Allied Governments will not tolerate an attempt by the Poles to create an accomplished fact which would be a mockery to all justice. In no circumstances shall a Polish dictator tread under foot the rights which the peace treaty gives us."

"The treaty, which casts a burden upon us, entails for the Allied Governments sacred duties as the British Premier himself expressly acknowledged recently."

"Ladies and gentlemen, the new Government, after reflection, advises you in all confidence to accept the ultimatum."

LEADER OF POLES SUSPENDS FIGHTING IN UPPER SILESIA

London Hears of Agreement Between Korfanty and Allied Commission.

LONDON, May 11.—It is reported that negotiations between the Inter-Allied Commission in Upper Silesia and Adolf Korfanty, leader of the Polish insurgents in that area, resulted last evening in the suspension of hostilities says a dispatch to the Central News from Warsaw to-day.

It was agreed, according to the report, that the insurgents would occupy a line of demarcation agreed upon and remain in the stipulated position pending final settlement of the upper Silesia question, which is still pending in Allied councils, where it rested following the taking of the recent plebiscite in this area in dispute between Poland and Germany. The industrial territory, which has been largely overrun by the Poles, therefore would remain under Polish occupancy.

ROME, May 11.—Armed by the killing of Italian soldiers by Polish insurgents in Upper Silesia, the Roman press to-day voiced a growing demand that Italy require immediate satisfaction from the Polish Government.

HARDING GREET'S MEN.

Tells Confederates It Is Good to See Civil War Wounds Healed.

ALBANY, Ga., May 11.—President Harding telegraphed greetings and best wishes today to the United Confederate Veterans of Georgia, assembled here in their thirtieth annual reunion.

"Please extend greetings and best wishes to the members of Georgia Division, United Confederate Veterans, met in annual reunion," the message said. "Not many more years will witness of the Civil War this meet. It is good to live to see the great wound of civil war completely healed and complete agreement between North and South and our common country."

President Harding, however, Missions Degree.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—President Harding to-day received another Masonic degree at the White House Executive Office from members of Kappa Alpha Lodge, No. 12, of Washington.

CONTRACTOR ASKED PLANT AND PETTIT SPLIT ON CONTRACT HE HAD PASSED UP AUTO THEFT CASE

Winternitz Testifies City Official Was Present When Bids on Jobs Were Opened.

ROTH IN WITH HIM.

Was to Split on Contract Taken Over by the 174th Street Company.

Samuel Untermyer resumed to-day the inquiry before the Lockwood Committee into the peculiar transactions under which the Cumberland Street, Brooklyn, Hospital is now under construction for the city.

A. A. Winternitz, the original contractor, who undertook to build the new hospital in 1917 for \$57,000, was again a witness. The record shows he became a bankrupt in November, 1917, and abandoned the contract, leaving \$219,000 worth of work (at the contract price) undone.

The city asked for bids to complete the building a year later. They ranged from \$75,000 down for doing what had been \$219,000 worth of work in 1917. The lowest bidder was the 174th Street Construction Co., Ignatz Roth, President, who got the job.

Then Winternitz reappeared as claiming half the prospective profits (\$105,000) on the Roth contract, saying he had not only prepared the bid for Roth but had turned over to the new contractor a lot of equipment, scaffolding and material bought in for Winternitz by certain friends at the bankruptcy sale. The sub-contractors for Winternitz in several instances became sub-contractors for Roth.

SETTLED DIFFERENCES FOR \$22,500.

After a long controversy with Mr. Roth, Mr. Winternitz said they "settled all differences" for \$22,500, of which about \$11,000 had been paid.

Q. Did you bring any sub-contractors to Roth? A. The Bronx Ornamental Iron Works for \$33,000. I also brought him a roofing contract.

Q. When you had the contract you had a sub-contract with Leggett to do all the furring and lathing for \$4,500? A. Yes, sir.

Q. And though he had already done all but \$1,500 worth of the work, he was new contract called for \$4,700 to complete the job? A. Yes, sir.

Q. More than the original price for the whole job? A. Yes, sir.

Winternitz said he had a verbal agreement with Roth by which Roth was to give him half the profits, estimated at \$50,000 and \$25,000 for advice and materials.

Q. Did you see any city officials when you were around on Roth's job? A. Lots of them.

Q. Name one? A. Mr. Carlin, Third Deputy Commissioner of Charities.

Q. He knew you had an interest in the contract? A. Yes, he did. No, he didn't.

Q. Where did you see him? A. In his office.

Q. What were you doing there? A. I was telling him I had an interest in Roth's contract.

Q. Oh, you told him that having defaulted on a city contract, and your sub-contractors having quit, you still had an interest? A. I didn't tell him all that.

Q. Your company, the Bertwin Construction Company, has city contracts now? A. Yes, three on Blackwell's Island and Hamilton's Island for \$22,000, \$6,200 and \$97,000.

ALL CHARITIES DEPARTMENT JOBS.

Q. All in the Charities Department? A. Yes.

Q. All under Mr. Carlin? A. No; under the architect, Mr. Charles D. Meyers.

Q. Mr. Carlin is still Deputy Commissioner? A. No, he is out.

Q. But he was there when you got the contract? A. Yes.

Q. He was formerly Superintendent of Buildings in Brooklyn? A. Yes.

Q. This company of yours had a capital of \$5,000 only to take \$132,000 worth of city contracts? Where is that \$5,000? A. I don't know.

Mr. Winternitz became very much excited under Mr. Untermyer's insinuations. He raised his voice and shouted in resentment:

"I don't think it is right, Mr. Untermyer, you should show me up to the public for a crook!"

Mr. Untermyer told him to go ahead and prove he was not a crook. Speaking so rapidly the stenographers could hardly follow, his voice broken with sobs, the contractor shouted at the top of his voice that his estimator on the original contract made an error of \$140,000; that the war had sent lumber up from \$1 to \$18; that when more than doubled; that the Government broke up his organization by taking his best workmen for war contracts; that the Government seized materials he had under order, that he had exhausted his own fortune and those of his friends.

"And now," he concluded, "I don't think it is fair you show me up for no better than a crook, Mr. Untermyer, because I try to go out after this job again to make a few dollars."

Mr. Winternitz was excited and ignored his own question. He was sought by Mr. Winternitz, he said, to take the hospital contract.

"Winternitz said he wanted a profit on the job," said Mr. Roth.

Mr. Roth said Mr. Winternitz

Nassau Officials Sent to Jail After Sudden Interruption of Trial.

Aubrey Pettit, Superintendent of County Buildings of Nassau County, and Herman Plant, former Nassau County detective, pleaded guilty to-day before Supreme Court Justice Cropper to indictments charging them with criminally receiving stolen goods in the first degree. The charges dealt with stolen automobiles.

Justice Cropper said: "I will remand you to jail and in the meantime, if you wish to avail yourself of it, you will have opportunity to tell to the District Attorney things you probably know about."

Pettit's trial began Monday. Plant was tried twice and his second trial ended in a discontinuance last Friday. It was found that one of the jurors had brought a revolver into the jury room. This is being investigated. The third trial was set for Monday.

Pettit is a brother of Stephen P. Pettit, former Sheriff of Nassau County, who has been at Baldwin, L. I. Plant lives at Lynbrook. He was removed as County Detective several months ago.

District Attorney Weeks refused to discuss Justice Cropper's statement to the two men, or to say if he expected either of them to make revelations involving others in stolen automobile transactions.

The evidence against both Pettit and Plant was given chiefly by O'Neill, the Sing Sing convict, and William (Red) Hoffman, now in Nassau County Jail, under indictment on a charge of selling stolen automobiles. It was alleged that in 1919 O'Neill and Hoffman arranged with Plant to receive protection in Nassau County for dealing in stolen automobiles, and that he was paid \$5 for three weeks through Pettit. Later, it was said, an automobile was delivered to Plant, which the latter sold to Pettit, it was alleged, received two automobiles from O'Neill and Hoffman, paying \$500 for each of them.

FINAL VOTE TO-DAY ON THE TARIFF BILL

Penrose Serves Notice Amendments to Emergency Measure Will Be Accepted.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Charging the authors of amendments to the Emergency Tariff Bill with a desire to kill it, Senator Penrose to-day served notice on the Senate that the bill is to be passed as the Finance Committee reported it. The final vote will be taken late to-day.

Penrose scolded Senator Simmons, leading Democratic opponent of the measure, after Simmons had appeared for consideration for an amendment proposed by Senator Jones, New Mexico, placing a duty of five cents a pound and 15 per cent ad valorem on hides.

"You ought to be trying to expedite this bill," said Penrose to Simmons. "Instead you are trying to hamper it. These amendments, I can assure the Senate, will not be accepted by the House conferees."

An amendment proposed by Senator New, Indiana, to prevent dumping of foreign aircraft here was defeated 4 to 64.

NEW YORKER MAY ASSIST DAUGHTERY

W. W. Hoppin Recommended as Aid to Attorney General in This City.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Appointment of W. W. Hoppin of New York as Assistant Attorney General in charge of customs, with headquarters at New York, was recommended to President Harding to-day by Attorney General Daugherty.

Mr. Daugherty also recommended appointment of A. F. Lamb of Chicago as Solicitor for the Department of Commerce.

showed him the uncompleted hospital.

"I saw a lot of scaffolding and materials there," the witness said, "and I thought they belonged to the building. Winternitz did not tell me. Later he tried to sell them to me for \$15,000."

Q. Was Mr. Carlin present when the bids were opened? A. He was.

Q. And you were there? A. Yes.

Q. Who are the owners of the 174th Street Company? A. I own it mostly, practically.

Q. Have you your stock books? A. Yes.

Q. Please bring them. We want to see them. A. Yes.

It came out from Mr. Roth's testimony that the building contract was exclusive of plumbing and steamfitting, which will add some \$200,000 to the cost of completing the building.

Various sub-contractors, D. H. McLaury on tiling, William McConnell on stone work, James J. Degnan on tiling and William H. Rosenthal all told of doubling and tripling their bids under the second contract. But none of them explained why they made lower estimates for Roth than for the contractors who bid on the general completion job.

Bishop Manning in Full Insignia; Photo Taken at Cathedral To-Day



BISHOP MANNING PHOTO BY FRANK MACDONALD PHOTOGRAPHY, 92-10 1ST AVE.

DR. MANNING BECOMES BISHOP OF N. Y. DIOCESE AT CEREMONY TO-DAY

(Continued From First Page.)

10.30 o'clock. It extended from the door of the hall to Amsterdam Avenue to the nave foundation entrance and thence across the foundation into the Cathedral. A pair of cornucopias accompanied the choir to sound the music while the procession was outdoors. Singing commenced when the choir reached the foundation.

After the procession had entered the Cathedral and Bishop Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, who walked last, had advanced well down into the body of the church, the hundreds of people standing on the nave foundation entered, as many as possible, to follow into the church.

Immediately after the entrance of the procession the celebration of the Holy Eucharist, with the Primus as celebrant, was begun. At the close of the creed, Bishop Gailor, President of the Ruling Council of the Church, delivered the sermon.

Scarfing Modernists, Higher Critics, and those who put the machinery of social service in the place of the spirit of God which impels worship, Bishop Gailor laid tremendous responsibility and duty upon the new Bishop.

"We might as well worship gas or electricity," said the President of the Council.

In his arraignment of those who put the human intellect as a test of religion, the Bishop said:

"The Christian does not go to Christ with preconceived notions of who God is and what man is, to see whether Christ's views coincide with his, but he goes to Christ to learn about God and man and to take the word for it." Again he said, in recalling one of the most popular American writers on religious subjects, who had asserted in a recent work that the modern man will submit to no God who exercises authority.

"This preacher turns the Christian precept around and says, 'Love, love, kindness and benevolence, are good,' but he says nothing of worship, that kind of God. We might as well worship gas or electricity."

He ended this remarkable sermon with an appeal for the sacraments. "Ideas alone do not save men," he declared. "Sermons, Messages, brilliant utterances do not save men, salvation comes by the power of the spirit and not by mental pyrotechnics. The world's culture holds that the only way permanently to enlighten people is to begin by making them better. The church still preaches the gospel of the grace of God, the obligation and blessing of worship, and the meaning and virtue of the Christian sacraments. The sacraments are the perpetual witnesses and guarantees to us of the fact of the incarnation of God in Christ; and the incarnation was the supreme revelation of God's fatherhood and forgiveness; the prophecy and promise of God's incarnation in the race by the power of the Holy Ghost."

After the sermon Bishop-elect Manning was brought to the altar rail, vested by the Rev. Dr. M. H. Gates, D. D. and William H. Hopper, vicars respectively of the Chapel of the Intercession and St. Agnes Chapel.

Bishop A. G. A. Smith of Newark

BERGDOLL DEFIES U. S.; SAYS "THEY WON'T GET ME"

Declares That if Americans Have Any Sense of Honor They Will Let Him Alone.

BERGDOLL, Germany, May 11.—Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, arch draft dodger, defied the United States Government to-day.

Informed of the statement by Chief of Staff March that the War Department is determined to get Bergdoll out of Germany "at any price," the slacker said:

"You can tell the world that we won't be captured in Germany."

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Sur-render of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll will be made one of the conditions of the proposed peace treaty with Germany if Congressman Julius Kahn of California, Chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee, has his way.

"Bergdoll must be brought back from Germany," Kahn said. "I am sure that we can secure his surrender by the German Government."

MOTHER OF FIVE UP FOR BURGLARY

Mrs. Liebowitz, the Police Say, Tired of Going Straight and Admits Two Robberies.

Mrs. Fannie Liebowitz, thirty-six, of No. 544 Snodker Avenue, Brooklyn, where she has five children, was arraigned to-day in Flatbush Avenue Police Court on two charges of burglary.

Frankie is no stranger to the interior of the Penitentiary, her last sentence having been five years in Auburn; but for three years she has gone "straight." Yesterday afternoon when J. Weisbord, an insurance agent, called at the apartment of Mrs. Jennie Liebowitz, No. 550 13th Avenue, he says that Fannie opened the door and told him that Mrs. Liebowitz did not live there.

Weisbord later met Mrs. Liebowitz and together they found Patrolman Maher to whom they pointed out Fannie, who ran for the subway. She was caught.

At Parkville Police Station she admitted having been in the apartment. Mrs. Anna Dinesman identified her as the woman who stole \$17.17 shortly after noon from her home, No. 536 Graywood Avenue. The police say that Fannie admitted this fact, saying that an impulse to rob overcame her.

Look Detective Bill Signed.

ALBANY, Ga., May 11.—The Look Detective Agency, 111 Broadway, New York, Miller to-day. Every person or corporation engaged in the business of "investigation" must obtain a license from the State Comptroller. The license fees are increased from \$150 to \$200 for an individual and from \$200 to \$300 for a corporation.

lent The Congregational Church was represented by the Rev. S. T. Taylor, Cadman, D. D., of Central Congregational Church, Brooklyn, and Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, Broadway Tabernacle. From the Dutch Reformed Church came Rev. Dr. Malcolm McLeod, H. Emerson Cobb and Joseph R. Duryea.

The Bishop-elect has been the recipient of two very beautiful gifts, one from a vestry of Trinity, individually and with his wife, and one from the vestry of that parish as a body. The former is a magnificent sectoral cross and chain, the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas F. Palmer. The body of the cross, as also the chain, is of gold, with a large amethyst in the center, while each of the four bears in alto-relief the figures of the four Evangelists.

The other gift is a massive loving cup. On one side is the arms of the Diocese of New York. On the other is the arms of Trinity Parish and the inscription bears the legend: "Presented to the Bishop of New York and Rector of Trinity and to Mrs. Manning by the Vestry of Trinity Church."

Although obliged to decline the invitation to attend the confirmation ceremonies, Ambassador Jusserand, representing the French Republic, in a most complimentary letter, expresses his personal high opinion of the Bishop-elect and that of his nation. He writes:

"I cannot tell you how deep is my regret at my inability to be present on the auspicious occasion of the consecration of the Rev. William T. Manning as Bishop of New York. Without speaking of the importance of such an event, which in itself strongly appeals to the representative of France, my admiration and friendship for the respected head of your diocese would have made me exceedingly desirous of witnessing the ceremony. Will you be so good as to accept the expression of my heartfelt regrets and convey also the same to Bishop Manning. With all good wishes for him in his high functions, I beg you to believe me,

"Sincerely yours," "JUSSERAND."

and Dr. Charles S. McFarland to at-

MME. CURIE HERE; FUND FOR RADIUM OVERSUBSCRIBED

(Continued From First Page.)

her two daughters, Eve, sixteen years old, and Irene, twenty-three—the latter being her laboratory assistant. She said she had always looked forward to the opportunity to visit America and was especially glad to be able to bring her daughters to see this country.

The trio were escorted to the home of Mrs. William Brown Melony, No. 33 West 12th Street, where they will be entertained until they go to Washington to receive the grant of radium at the hands of President Harding.

The Olympic arrived at Quarantine early to-day, but the precautions of the health authorities were so elaborate—due to reports of disease—that it was afternoon before the ship moved up to her pier at West 18th Street, where a crowd was waiting to greet Mme. Curie.

The reception at the ship was only the first of a long series of demonstrations which will be continued in honor of Mme. Curie until she sails for home on June 23.

The Equitable Trust Company, which has been receiving subscriptions for the radium fund, announces that the money in hand already amounts to \$112,250. The amount originally sought was only \$100,000.

Several thousand dollars more have been subscribed, and the committee is hopeful that enough will ultimately be raised to aid materially in building and equipping for the noted scientist a new laboratory on the outskirts of Paris. This structure would be erected under direction of the Paris University.

Mme. Curie's present quarters are in a nois, congested section of the French capital not conducive to her hensive research. Furthermore, she wishes to be where she can reduce large quantities of ore and to maintain a small clinic.

The construction ranged from a few cents to \$10,000.

STUDY 'RADIUM' FOUND ON 'L'

Experts Examine Substance That May Be Precious Metal.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 11.—Five experts to-day were verifying their analysis of the glowing substance, found in a capsule by Mrs. Doherty Murray's daughter in a Chicago elevated train several days ago, to establish it as the missing tube of radium for which a reward of \$50,000 has been offered.

A chemist yesterday pronounced the substance a phosphorescent material of small value, dashing the previous hopes of Mrs. Murray, who had read in the newspapers of the missing tube and the reward. Burns on the neck of one of her children who had worn the tube as an ornament were to be investigated by specialists to-day.

The tube lost in Chicago contained fifteen milligrams of radium and was valued at several thousand dollars.

CANDY PENNY A POUND PROFIT

Special for Thursday, May 12th

CHOCOLATE COVERED MINT MARSHMALLOWS LONDON BUTTER TOFFEE

Big creamy, fluffy snow white Marshmallows, in pleasing mint flavor, 59c value.

The old time English chewing Candy, brought to perfection by LOFT. Our regular 49c goods.

POUND BOX 24c POUND BOX 39c

We Also Offer:

Milk Chocolate Covered Maraschino Cherries POUND BOX 69c

Midget Sticks Dainty little bars of goodness in 10 flavors—about 30 sticks. PACKAGE 39c

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HAMILTON'S

\$50 Coat-Wraps Reduced to \$25

20 Different Styles

The materials include Bolivians, Velours, Normandys, Polo Cloths, Veldynes, Tricotines, and Plain and Quilted Satins

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Our Entire Fifth Avenue Building Exclusively for Women's Wear

Prad Trained Frockline Coat \$25